

Produktinformation

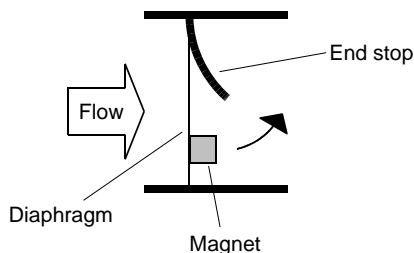
Flow Transmitter / Switch OMNI-XF



- Universal flow rate sensor with dynamic diaphragm
- Analog output, two switching outputs
- Clear, easily legible, illuminated LCD display
- Modifiable units in the display
- Designed for industrial use
- Small, compact construction
- Simple installation

Characteristics

A thin elastic diaphragm made of stainless steel, which covers the entire flow cross-section, is deflected by the flowing fluid, and thereby pushes against an arched end stop.



There is a plastic-coated magnet on the diaphragm. When there is a deflection, its magnetic field changes, and this is detected by a sensor outside the area of flow.

Flexible diaphragm made of stainless steel, with plastic-coated magnet.



Because the diaphragm only bends, and functions without a bearing, there is almost no frictional effect. The movement therefore occurs practically free of hysteresis, and the test results have very good reproducibility.

The diaphragm's low bulk results in a short response time. The almost complete covering of the flow cross-section in the neutral position produces very high start-up sensitivity. As soon as the slightest flow exists, the diaphragm is of necessity deflected. The evaluation of the entire flow cross-section means that there are no problems when routing pipes. Run-in and run-out sections are not necessary. The shaped end stop and the elastic properties of the

diaphragm mean that even severe water hammer causes no damage. The low number of medium contact parts guarantees reliable operation and a low tendency to contamination.

There are flanged connection pieces on the inlet and outlet; these are available in various nominal widths and materials. By removing the four bolts of the flange connection, it is simple to remove the measurement unit for servicing, while the connections remain in the pipework.

The OMNI transducer located on the sensor has a backlit graphics LCD display which is very easy to read, both in the dark and in bright sunlight. The graphics display allows the presentation of measured values and parameters in a clearly understandable form.

The measured values are displayed to 4 places, together with their physical unit, which may also be modified by the user. The electronics have an analog output (4..20 mA or 0..10 V) and two switching outputs, which can be used as limit switches for monitoring minimal or maximal, or as two-point controllers. The switching outputs are designed as push-pull drivers, and can therefore be used both as PNP and NPN outputs. Exceeding limit values is signalled by a red LED which is visible over a long distance, and by a cleartext in the display.

The stainless steel case has a hardened non-scratch mineral glass pane. It is operated by a programming ring fitted with a magnet, so there is no need to open the operating controls housing, and its leakproofness is permanently ensured.

By turning the ring to right or left, it is simple to modify the parameters (e.g. switching point, hysteresis...). To protect from unintended programming, it can be removed, turned through 180 ° and replaced, or completely removed, thus acting as a key.



OPTION C:

Preset Counter with external reset option, complementary switching outputs and actual value display.

OPTION C1:

Instantaneous value display with analogue output, pulse-volume output and totalizer

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Technical data

Sensor	dynamic diaphragm
Nominal width	DN 8..25
Process connection	female thread G 1/4..G 1, optionally male thread or hose nozzle, NPT threads and custom specific connectors on request
Metering ranges	1..100 l/min (water) for standard ranges, see table "Ranges", minimum value range 0.4..6 l/min optionally available
Accuracy	Standard ranges: ±3 % of the measured value, minimum 0.25 l/min Minimum value range: ±3 % of the measured value, minimum 0.1 l/min
Pressure loss	max. 0.5 bar at the end of the metering range
Pressure resistance	Plastic construction: PN 16 bar Full metal construction: PN 100 bar
Media temperature	0..+70 °C with high temperature option 0..150 °C
Ambient temperature	0..+70 °C
Storage temperature	-20..+80 °C
Materials medium-contact	Body: PPS, CW614N nickelled or stainless steel 1.4404 Connections: POM, CW614N nickelled or stainless steel 1.4404 Seals: FKM Diaphragm: stainless steel 1.4031k Magnet holder: PPS Adhesive: epoxy resin
Materials non-medium-contact	Housing: stainless steel 1.4305 Glass: mineral glass, hardened Magnet: Samarium-Cobalt Ring: POM Flange bolts: stainless steel Full metal construction: steel
Supply voltage	18..30 V DC
Power consumption	< 1 W
Signal output	4/0..20 mA / max. load 500 Ohm (0/2..10 V available on request)
Switching output	transistor output "push-pull" (resistant to short circuits and polarity reversal) $I_{out} = 100 \text{ mA max.}$
Hysteresis	adjustable, position of the hysteresis depends on minimum or maximum
Display	backlit graphical LCD-Display (transreflective), extended temperature range -20..+70 °C, 32 x 16 pixels, background illumination, displays value and unit, flashing LED signal lamp with simultaneous message on the display.
Electrical connection	for round plug connector M12x1, 5-pole
Ingress protection	IP 67 / (IP 68 when oil-filled)

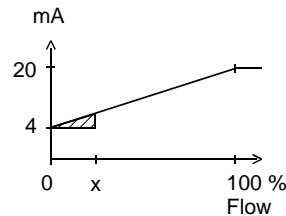
Weight	see table "Dimensions and weights"
Conformity	CE

Signal output curves

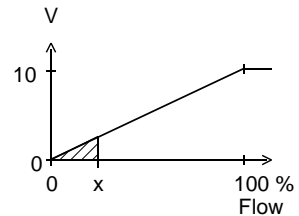
Value x = Begin of the specified range

 = not specified range

Current output



Voltage output



Other characters on request.

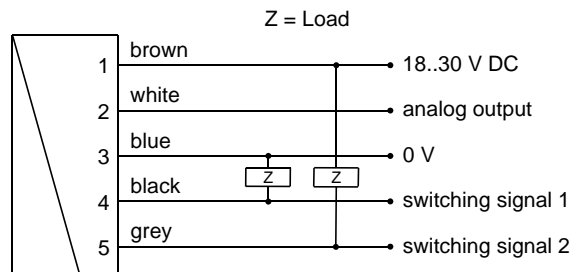
Ranges

Nominal width		Switching range l/min H ₂ O	Q _{max} recommended
DN 8..25	○	0.4.. 6.0	120
DN 8..25	●	1.0.. 15.0	
DN 10..25	●	1.0.. 25.0	
DN 15..25	●	1.0.. 50.0	
DN 20..25	●	1.0.. 80.0	
DN 25 *	○	1.0..100.0	

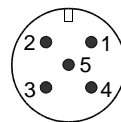
* Inner pipe diameter ≥ Ø22.5

Special ranges are available.

Wiring



Connection example: PNP NPN



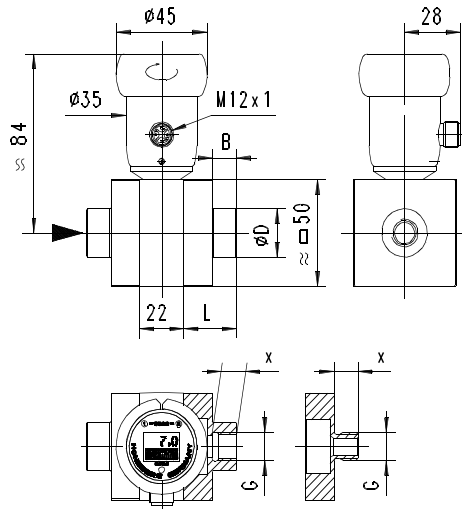
connector M12x1

See separate wiring at C and C1 option in the separate descriptions.

Before the electrical installation, it must be ensured that the supply voltage corresponds to the data sheet.
The use of shielded cabling is recommended.

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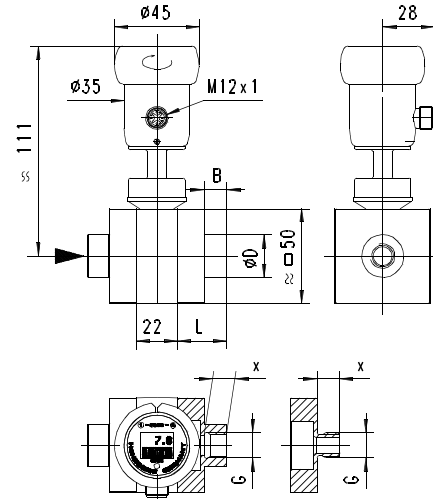
Dimensions and weights



Body

Construction	Weight* kg
Plastic	ca. 0.265
Metal	ca. 0.550
Metal (with spacer)	ca. 0.625
Metal (with gooseneck)	ca. 0.720

*Weights incl. internal parts, sensor and bolts for connection pieces



Connection pieces

G	DN	L	B	X	ØD Metal / Plastic	Weight* kg Metal / plastic
G 1/4	DN 8	26	12	12	22.5 / 33	0.245 / 0.055
G 3/8	DN 10				22.5 / 33	0.240 / 0.050
G 1/2	DN 15	28	14	14	28.0 / 37	0.250 / 0.055
G 3/4	DN 20	30	16	16	35.0 / 42	0.270 / 0.060
G 1	DN 25		-	18	-	0.400 / 0.085
G 1/4 A	DN 8	26	-	12	-	0.230 / 0.045
G 3/8 A	DN 10		-		-	0.230 / 0.045
G 1/2 A	DN 15	28	-	14	-	0.240 / 0.050
G 3/4 A	DN 20	30	-	16	-	0.235 / 0.050
G 1 A	DN 25	32	-	18	-	0.235 / 0.050

*Weights per connection, excluding bolts
NPT threads and custom specific connectors on request

Options

Through a range of options, the XF system is flexibly adaptable to very varied requirements.

Full metal construction

The standard version has a plastic body with a pressure resistance of 16 bar. A metallised body (nickelled brass) with a pressure resistance of 100 bar is optionally available. The higher operating pressure requires a combination with metal connection pieces.

Measurements and switching value settings in the range 1..80 l/min are possible.

High temperature

If the full metal model is fitted with high temperature sensors and a gooseneck, operation at media temperatures up to 150 °C is possible.

Note: Operation using the plastic body is also possible at temperatures greater than 70 °C. However, it should be noted that this reduces the stability to pressure .

Resistance to backflows

With forward flows, the diaphragm pushes against an arched end stop, and is undamaged by flow rates which are significantly higher than the intended metering range, or by water hammer. For flows or pressure surges in the reverse direction, in the standard version the diaphragm pushes against a circumferential support ring made of plastic or stainless steel, and almost completely closes the flow cross-section. This causes pressure to build up which can damage the diaphragm. In applications where such conditions can arise (e.g. from elastic hoses to the rear of the measuring equipment) the use of the "resistance to backflows" option is recommended. Here, the support ring is replaced by another arched end stop made of stainless steel, so that the diaphragm is provided with the same overload and pressure surge resistance in the reverse direction as in the forward direction. However, a measurement or setting of switching value in the reverse direction is not possible.

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Minimum value measurement

For metering ranges up to 6 l/min, the sensitivity of the measuring system can be increased, and so measurements even less than 1 l/min, i.e. from 0.4 l/min become possible. For this, the sensor is installed on the opposite side of the housing. This option is not available for metal housings and models with resistance to backflows.

Handling and operation

Installation

The device is supplied with connection pieces mounted. These may be removed for the installation in the pipework.

The sensor can be operated in any location. However, the lowest tendency to contamination occurs when the diaphragm swings from bottom to top. If possible, installation should therefore be made either with flow from bottom to top, or horizontal. In the latter case, the sensor in the minimum value range model (max. 6 l/min, see options) should point downwards; for all other versions it should point upwards. Factory adjustment is made with flow horizontal.

It should be ensured that the sensor is installed in the direction of the flow arrow. In spite of its low bulk, the diaphragm is very robust; nevertheless it should not be buckled or compressed through force during installation or removal.

The bolts in the housing pass all the way through it, and must be completely removed if the sensor body is replaced. Afterwards, as normal with a flanged part, the body can be pulled out without loosening the screw connections.

The electronics housing is permanently connected to the primary sensor, and cannot be removed by the user. After installation, the electronic head can be turned to the best position for reading.

Programming

The annular gap of the programming ring can be turned to positions 1 and 2. The following actions are possible:



Set to 1 = continue (STEP)
Set to 2 = modify (PROG)

Neutral position between 1 and 2

The ring can be removed to act as a key, or turned through 180° and replaced to create a programming protector.

Operation is by dialog with the display messages, which makes its use very simple.

Starting from the normal display (present value and unit), if 1 (STEP) is repeatedly selected, then the display shows the following information in this order:

Display of parameters, using position 1

- Switching value S1 (switching point 1 in the selected unit)
- Switching characteristic of S1
 MIN = Monitoring of minimum value
 MAX = Monitoring of maximum value
- Hysteresis 1 (hysteresis value of S1 in the set unit)
- Switching value S2
- Switching characteristic of S2
- Hysteresis 2

- Code
 After entering the **code 111**, further parameters can be defined:
- Filter (settling time of the display and output)
- Physical unit (Units)
- Output: 0..20 mA or 4..20 mA
- 0/4 mA (measured value corresponding to 0/4 mA)
- 20 mA (measured value corresponding to 20 mA)

For models with a voltage output, replace 20 mA accordingly with 10 V.

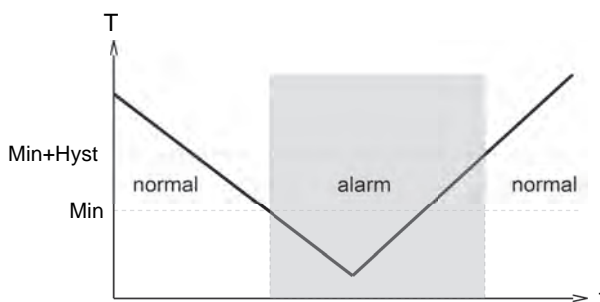
Edit, using position 2

If the currently visible parameter is to be modified:

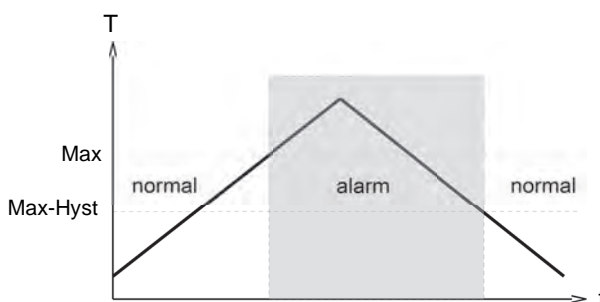
- Turn the annular gap to position 2, so that a flashing cursor appears which displays the position which can be modified.
- By repeatedly turning to position 2, values are increased; by turning to position 1, the cursor moves to the next digit.
- Leave the parameter by turning to position 1 (until the cursor leaves the row); this accepts the modification.
- If there is no action within 30 seconds, the device returns to the normal display range without accepting the modification.

The limit switches S1 and S2 can be used to monitor minimal or maximal.

With a minimum-switch, falling below the limit value causes a switchover to the alarm state. Return to the normal state occurs when the limit value plus the set hysteresis is once more exceeded.



With a maximum-switch, exceeding the limit value causes a switchover to the alarm state. Return to the normal state occurs when the measured value once more falls below the limit value minus the set hysteresis.



The change to the alarm state is indicated by the integrated red LED and a cleartext in the display.

While in the normal state the switching outputs are at the level of the supply voltage; in the alarm state they are at 0 V, so that a wire break would also display an alarm state at the signal receiver.

Overload display

Overload of a switching output is detected and indicated on the display ("Check S 1 / S 2"), and the switching output is switched off.

Simulation mode

To simplify commissioning, the sensor provides a simulation mode

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for the analog output. It is possible to create a programmable value in the range 0..26.0 mA at the output (without modifying the process variable). This allows the wiring run between the sensor and the downstream electronics to be tested during commissioning. This mode is accessed by means of code **311**.

Factory settings

After modifying the configuration parameters, it is possible to reset them to the factory settings at any time using code **989**.

Ordering code

1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10.

OMNI- XF-

○ = Option

1. Nominal width										
008	DN 8 - G 1/4									
010	DN 10 - G 3/8									
015	DN 15 - G 1/2									
020	DN 20 - G 3/4									
025	DN 25 - G 1									
2. Process connection										
G	female thread									
A	<input type="radio"/> male thread									
T	<input type="radio"/> hose nozzle									
3. Connection material										
M	CW614N nickelled									
P	<input type="radio"/> POM									
K	<input type="radio"/> stainless steel									
4. Body material										
Q	PPS									
M	<input type="radio"/> CW614N nickelled									
K	<input type="radio"/> stainless steel									
5. Metering range										
006	<input type="radio"/> minimum value 0.4.. 6.0 l/min					•	•	•	•	•
015	1.0.. 15.0 l/min					•	•	•	•	•
025	1.0.. 25.0 l/min					•	•	•	•	•
050	1.0.. 50.0 l/min					•	•	•	•	•
080	1.0.. 80.0 l/min					•	•	•	•	•
100	<input type="radio"/> 1.0..100.0 l/min					•	•	•	•	•
6. Seal material										
V	FKM									
E	<input type="radio"/> EPDM									
N	<input type="radio"/> NBR									
7. Resistance to backflows										
O	without resistance to backflows									•
R	<input type="radio"/> with resistance to backflows									• • •
8. Analog output										
I	current output 0/4..20 mA									•
U	<input type="radio"/> voltage output 0/2..10 V									•
K	without									•
9. Option 1										
D	<input type="radio"/> 150 °C version (with spacer, only for metal housing)									• •
H	<input type="radio"/> 150 °C version (with gooseneck, only for metal housing)									• •
O	<input type="radio"/> tropical model <input type="radio"/> oil-filled version for heavy duty or external use									• • •
10. Option 2										
C	<input type="radio"/> Counter C									
C1	<input type="radio"/> Counter C1									

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Options

Counter C (hardware and software option):
Preset Counter with external reset option, complementary switching
outputs and actual value display
(modified wiring diagram!)

Counter C1 (software option):
Instantaneous value display with analogue output, pulse-volume
output and totalizer

Accessories

- Cable/round plug connector (KB...)
see additional information "Accessories"
- Device configurator ECI-1