

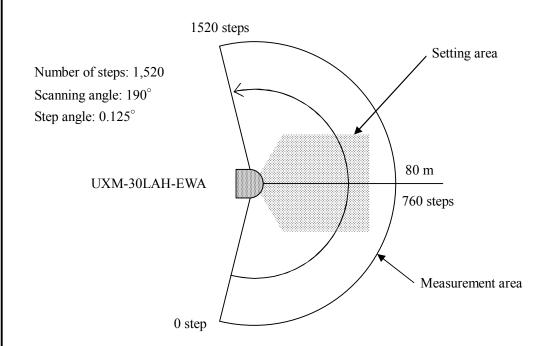


### 1. Outline

Operation principle

- UXM-30LAH-EWA is a sensor which scans a semicircular field by means of a laser beam ( $\lambda$ = 905 nm), then calculates coordinates by measuring the distance from an object and its step angle, and detects obstacles within the setting area.
- Distance data can be obtained using communication protocol SCIP from the sensor.
- Safety of the laser is class 1.
- By using the function of synchronizing the rotation of the motor to the reference signal from outside, influence of the interference between multiple units of this sensor is alleviated.
- By enabling the heater mounted inside the sensor with a dedicated application program, dew condensation at low temperature can be alleviated.
- The "detached area setting" allows to configure the area which is away from the sensor.

### 2. Configuration (beam scan image)



### 3. Disclaimer

- This sensor cannot be used as a safety device.
- This sensor cannot be used for human body detection as per the machinery directives.
- When there is a risk that this sensor is used for mass-destruction weapons, weapons and equipment aimed at killing human beings, and relevant technologies, etc., or when its usage for those purposes has become clear, sales may be prohibited in accordance with the Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade Act, and the Export Trade Control Order (Japanese law). Moreover, regarding export of products, the formalities according to laws/Export Trade Control Order are implemented in order to maintain international peace and safety.
- Before using the sensor, please read this specification thoroughly.

UXM-30LAH-EWA Specification

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Rated specification				
Product name	Laser range finder			
Туре	UXM-30LAH-EWA			
Light source	Semiconductor laser, $\lambda = 905$ nm, safety class of the laser = 1			
Power supply voltage	10 to 30VDC			
	Steady-state current: 600 mA or less at 12 VDC, 300 mA or less at 24 VDC			
Power supply current	Starting current: 1.5 A or less at 12 VDC, 0.75 A or less at 24 VDC			
	Heater in use (0°C or below): 1.25 A or less at 12 VDC, 1.25 A or less at 24 VDC			
Electric power	7.2 W or less (at steady-state)			
consumption	Heater in use(0°C or below): 15 W or less at 12 VDC, 30 W or less at 24 VDC			
	Guaranteed value of detection: 0.1 to 30 m <sup>*1</sup> (Reflectance of 10%, black paper, 500 mm × 500 mm)			
Detecting distance and	0.1 to 80 m <sup>*1</sup> (Reflectance of 90%, white Kent paper, 1,000 mm $\times$ 1,500 mm)			
object to be detected	Maximum detecting distance: 80 m (maximum value of area setting)			
	Minimum object to be detected : 33 mm (5 m), 65 mm (10 m), 200 mm (30 m)			
	10% reflectance, black paper, 0.1 to 15 m: $\pm$ 30 mm, 15 to 30 m: $\pm$ 50 mm* <sup>1</sup>			
	$0.1$ to 30 m: $\pm 50$ mm <sup>*2</sup> Ambient illuminance: 3,000 lux or less			
Average accuracy by	$0.1 \text{ to } 20 \text{ m}: \pm 50 \text{ mm}^{*2} \text{ Ambient illuminance: } 100,000 \text{ lux or less}$			
distance	90% reflectance, white Kent paper, 0.1 to 30 m: $\pm 30 \text{ mm}^{*1}$			
-	$0.1 \text{ to } 30 \text{ m}: \pm 50 \text{ mm}^{*2} \text{ Ambient illuminance: } 3,000 \text{ lux or less}$			
	0.1 to 30 m: ±50mm <sup>*2</sup> Ambient illuminance: 100,000 lux or less			
Measurement	Unit of 1 mm			
11100000101110110	10% reflectance, black paper, 0.1 to 15 m: $\sigma < 10$ mm, 15 to 30 m: $\sigma < 15$ mm <sup>*1</sup>			
	$0.1$ to 30 m; $\sigma < 20$ mm <sup>*2</sup> Ambient illuminance: 3,000 lux or less			
	$0.1$ to 20 m; $\sigma < 30$ mm <sup>*2</sup> Ambient illuminance: 100,000 lux or less			
repeat accuracy	90% reflectance, white Kent paper, 0.1 to 30 m; $\sigma < 10 \text{ mm}^{*1}$			
	90% reflectance, white Kent paper, 0.1 to 30 m: $\sigma < 10$ mm* 0.1 to 30 m: $\sigma < 15$ mm* <sup>2</sup> Ambient illuminance: 3,000 lux or less			
	$0.1$ to 30 m; $\sigma < 30$ mm <sup>*2</sup> Ambient illuminance: 100,000 lux or less			
Soonning angle	190°			
Scanning angle Angular resolution	Approx. 0.125° (360°/2880 divisions)			
Scanning time	50 ms (rotating speed of motor: 1200 rpm)			
Interface	Ethernet 100BASE-TX (Auto-negotiation)			
Interface	OUTPUT 6 points: Synchronization master output, Synchronization output, Malfunction			
Output	output, Detection output 1 to 3			
Input	INPUT 5 points: Synchronization input, Area input 1 to 4(total 15 patterns)			
Output response time	100ms or less; however, it varies depending on the setting			
Starting time	Operation starts within 30 sec after turning on the power supply.			
Starting time	Indication lamp for power supply and operation (green), indication lamp for area determinatio			
Indication lamp	(orange)			
P	Regarding the operation of indication lamps, refer to sub-clause 7.2.			
	-10 to +50°C 85%RH			
Ambient operating	-30 to +50°C 85%RH (Heater in use)			
temperature, humidity	* However, dew condensation and freezing should not exist.			
Resistance to weather	Detecting distance becomes shorter due to rain, snow, and sunlight. <sup>*3</sup>			
	10 to 55 Hz, plural amplitude: 1.5 mm in X, Y, Z directions, each 2 hours			
Vil				
Vibration resistance	55 to 200 Hz 19.6 m/s <sup>2</sup> Sweep: 2 minutes in X, Y, Z directions, each 1 hour			
Vibration resistance Resistance to shock	55 to 200 Hz 19.6 m/s <sup>2</sup> Sweep: 2 minutes in X, Y, Z directions, each 1 hour 196 m/s <sup>2</sup> in X, Y, Z directions, each 10 times			
Resistance to shock	196 m/s <sup>2</sup> in X, Y, Z directions, each 10 times			
Resistance to shock lotes * <sup>1</sup> Indoor envi	196 m/s <sup>2</sup> in X, Y, Z directions, each 10 times ronment (fluorescent lamp, 1,000 lux or less)			
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Resistance to shock Notes * <sup>1</sup> Indoor envi * <sup>2</sup> Detection c * <sup>3</sup> Regarding	196 m/s <sup>2</sup> in X, Y, Z directions, each 10 times         ironment (fluorescent lamp, 1,000 lux or less)         cannot be guaranteed when direct light (such as sunlight) enters the device.         the influence of environment, please confirm with the actual equipment.         Drawing.			
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### 4.Rated specification (Continued)

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EMC standards	(EMI) EN61326-1:2013 EN55011:2009 + A1:2010 (EMS) EN61326-1:2013 EN61000-4-2:2009 EN61000-4-3:2006 + A1:2008 + A2:2010 EN61000-4-4:2012 EN61000-4-6:2009 EN61000-4-8:2010
Protective structure	IP67
Insulation resistance	10 ΜΩ
Mass	1200 g
Material	Front face of the case, optical window: Polycarbonate, Back face of the case: Aluminum
Outside dimension	124 mm $\times$ 126 mm $\times$ 150 mm (connector not included)
$(W \times D \times H)$	Outline drawing No.: MC-40-3228B

### 5. Connection

5.1 Specification of power cables

Tower cable, To cores, 2 in (specification of frying lead)					
Cable color	Function	Size of cable core(AWG)			
Brown	+V (10 to 30 V)	22			
Blue	-V (0 V)	22			
White/Red	Area input 1	28			
White/Blue	Area input 2	28			
White/Green	Area input 3	28			
White/Black	Area input 4	28			
White	Synchronization input	28			
Orange	Malfunction output	28			
Pink	Detection output 1	28			
Violet	Detection output 2	28			
Yellow/Black	Detection output 3	28			
Green	Synchronization output	28			
Yellow	Synchronization master output	28			
Red	+COM for input	28			
Black	-COM for output	28			
Gray	$NC^{*4}$	28			
*4 171	internal compaction Danst				

Power cable, 16 cores, 2 m (specification of flying lead)

Note <sup>\*4</sup> There is internal connection. Do not connect because it is not used.

5.2 Specification of the interface connector



Maker: Binder Type: 09-0431-87-04

Ethernet connecting plug

Straight type plug (Binder, 99-0430-57-04)

Type L plug (Binder, 99-0430-69-04)

PIN No.	Function	Wiring color (T568A)
1	TX+	White/Green
2	TX-	Green
3	RX+	White/Orange
4	RX-	Orange

For the details on the communication protocol, refer to the Communication specification (C-42-04041).

RJ-45 modular wiring example

PIN No.	Wiring color		
T IIN INO.	Straight	Cross	
1	White/Green	White/Orange	
2	Green	Orange	
3	White/Orange	White/Green	
4	Blue	Blue	
5	White/Blue	White/Blue	
6	Orange	Green	
7	White/Brown	White/Brown	
8	Brown	Brown	

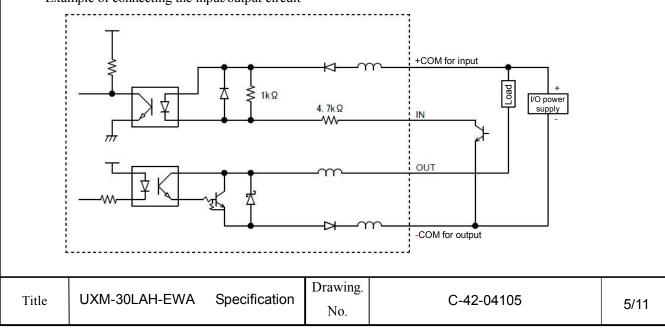
#### 5.3 Input/output circuit

Input: Photocoupler input (common anode, current to turn on each input: 2 mA or more, current to turn off each input: 0.5 mA or less)

Output: Open collector output

Item	Specification
Maximum output current	50 mA
Maximum applied voltage	30 V
Output residual voltage	1 V or less
Power supply range at +COM	10 to 30 V

Example of connecting the input/output circuit





### 6. Control signal

### 6.1 Malfunction output

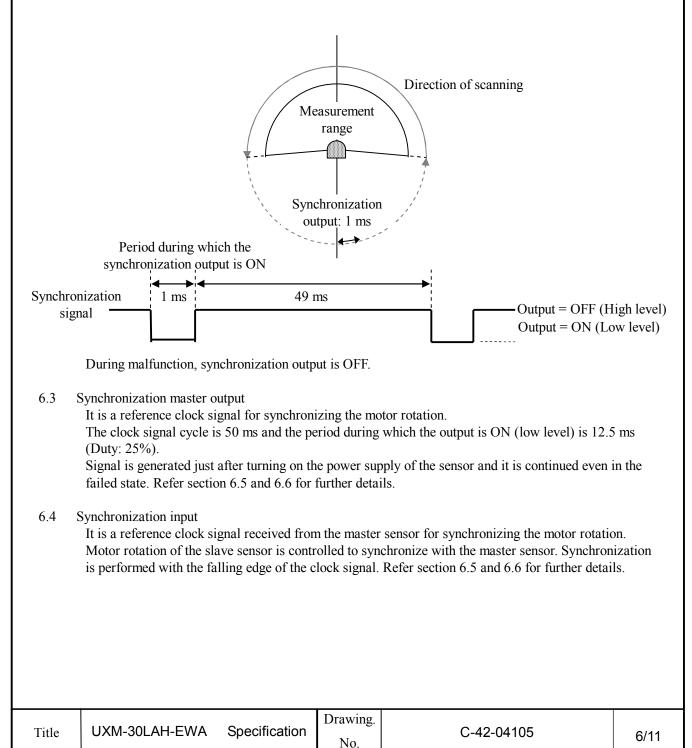
(1) Laser malfunction: When the laser does not emit a beam or exceeds the safety class 1.

(2) Motor malfunction: When rotation speed of the motor is not within 1,200 rpm

Sensor's outputs are switch to OFF state, laser is turned OFF and motor is stopped on malfunction detection. Check the error code via Ethernet. Error details and troubleshooting measure are shown in Table meaning and handling methods for each error code can be found in Section 7.

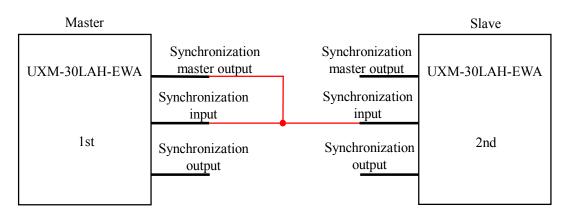
6.2 Synchronization output

Sensor outputs a 1 ms pulse in every scan which is synchronized with the scanning. The timing of the synchronization signal is shown in the figure below.



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6.5 Example of wiring between sensors for motor rotation synchronization

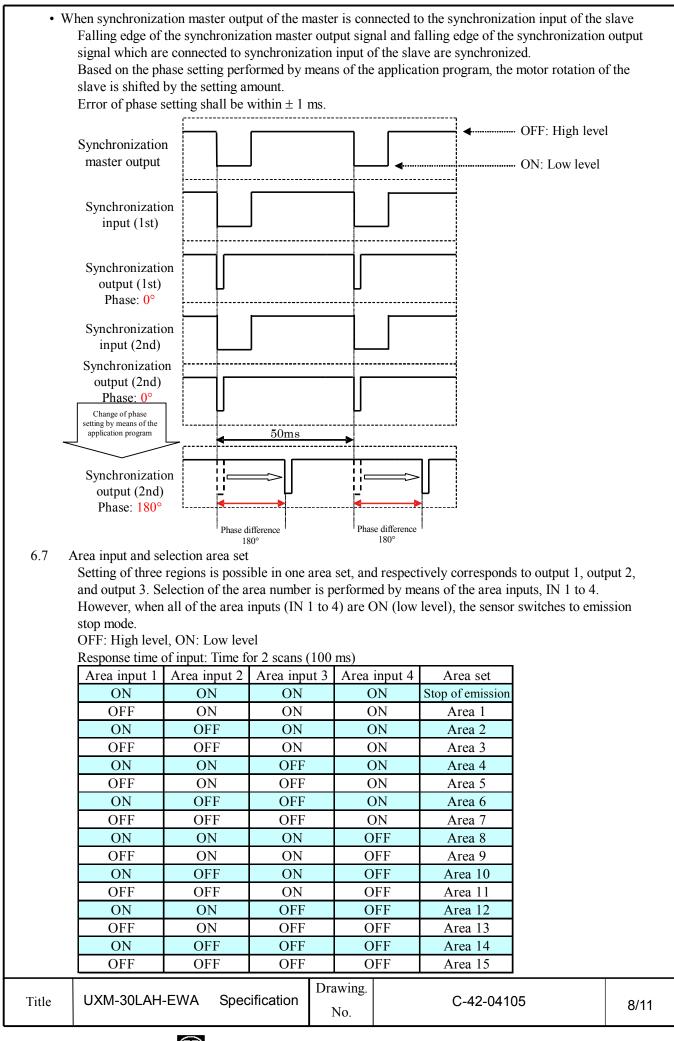


Synchronization output of the master sensor is connected to the synchronization input of the master itself and to the synchronization input of all slave sensors.

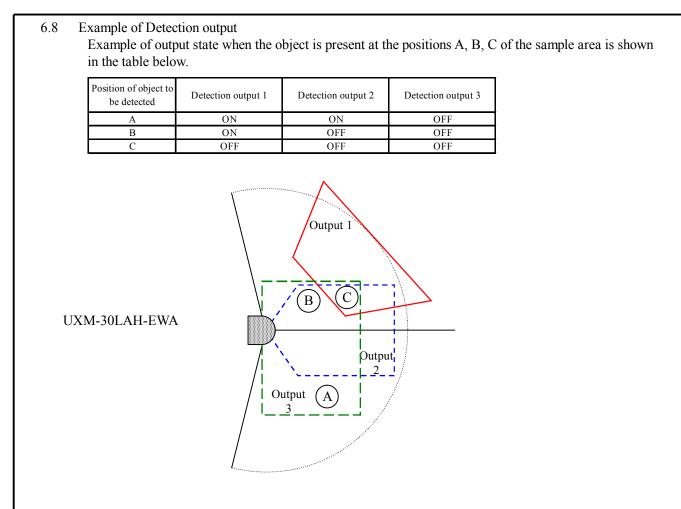
Motor rotation of each slave is shifted by a phase defined during the sensor setting. Configuration and change of the phases are performed by means of the dedicated application program.

- 6.6 Timing chart of synchronization input/output
  - When synchronization master output of the master is not connected to the synchronization input of the slave Synchronization output of each sensor has a cycle of 50 ms with the signal at low level for 1ms.

	Synchronization master output		50ms			12.5ms	▲ OFF: Hig ON: Low		
	Synchronization input (1st) (No input)						OFF: Hig	h level	
	Synchronization output (1st)				lms				
	Synchronization input (2nd) (No input)								
	Synchronization output (2nd)								
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### 7. Sensor failure and handling method

7.1 Error code table

The cause of failure can be obtained from STAT line of the II Command response, in the SCIP communication protocol. The error codes and solution from the STAT line are as follows.

ID	Message	Meaning	Solution
000	no error.	Normal operation	No action is required
050	internal chip access failed.	Sensor processing system error	
100	internal chip access failed.	Same as above	
150	internal chip access failed.	Same as above	Sensor has failed and
151	internal chip initialize failed.	Sensor processing system initialization failure	needs to be repaired.
200	encoder error.	Encoder fault	
250	motor startup failed.	Motor fault	
251	motor rotation error.	Unstable motor rotation	Reduce the vibration and noise to the sensor
300	laser too high.	Laser fault	Reduce the ambient
301	laser too low.	Same as above	light and noise to the
302	laser no echo.	Same as above	sensor
303	measurement error.	Measuring data processing fault	Reduce the vibration, ambient light and noise to the sensor

Title

### About distance value

Meaning of the measured distance value x at each step are as follows.

Range of the distance value	Meaning
x < 23	Measurement error. Distance cannot be measured due to the influence
	of interfering light and noise.
$23 \le x < 120000$	Measured distance value [mm]
120000 ≤ x	There is a no object or non-detectable object

#### 7.2 Relation table between indication lamps and output signals

State of the sensor	Indication LED for power supply and operation (green)	Indication LED for area determination (orange)	Synchronization master output	Synchronization output	Malfunction output	Detection output 1 to 3
During start up	Blinking	ON		$Tr = OFF (Hi)^{*5}$	$Tr = OFF (Hi)^{*5}$	$Tr = OFF (Hi)^{*5}$
During operation	ON	ON Detection ON No detection OFF		For 1 ms at the cycle of 50 ms Tr = ON (Low)	Tr = ON (Low)	Detection Tr = OFF (Hi) No detection Tr = ON (Low)
Malfunction	Blinking (Ir	nterval of 1 sec)		Tr = OFF (Hi)	Tr = OFF (Hi)	Tr = OFF (Hi)
Initialization of IP	Blinking (Interval of 1 sec) Blinking 2 times after pushing and holding the IP initialization switch ↓ ON (Initialization processing of IP has been completed.) ↓ Blinking of the LED (green), the LED (orange) is OFF. (Restart of the sensor begins.) ↓ ON (Restart of the sensor has been completed.)		Output is always continued after the power supply for the sensor has been turned on.*5	During initialization of IP Tr = ON (Low) During restart of the sensor Tr = OFF (Hi)*6	During initialization of IP Tr = ON (Low) During restart of the sensor $Tr = OFF (Hi)^{*6}$	Tr = OFF (Hi) <sup>*6</sup>

Note) \*5The state continues for about 5 sec after turning on the power supply.

<sup>\*6</sup>The state continues during the period from completion of the initialization of IP to restart of the sensor.

#### 8. Heater function

This sensor is provided with an internal heater for preventing dew condensation. It is possible to enable the heater function to "on" or "off" using the dedicated application program. Heater function is "off" by default. When heater function is "on" the heater operates when the temperature inside the sensor is 0°C or below. When the temperature inside the sensor exceeds 10°C, operation of the heater is automatically stopped.

Note) When using the heater function, it is recommended to use the sensor at the voltage of 24 V. (If it is used at 12 V, the heating may not be sufficient due to lack of power to the heater.)

			Drawing.		
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### 9. Setting of Ethernet

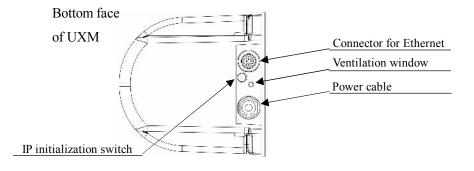
9.1 Default value

Default value of IP:	192.168.0.10
Port No.:	10940

9.2 Initialization of IP

Detach the packing for protection at the bottom of the product, and press the IP initialization switch for 2 sec or more.

The sensor restarts after blinking the green and orange LEDs, release the switch. The packing for protection shall be replaced after initialization without fail. For details on changing the IP address, refer to the manual attached to the IP changer application.



Title UXM-30LAH-FWA Specification Drawing.						
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	Title	UXM-30LAH-EWA	Specification	Drawing.	C-42-04105	11/11