

CP5.241, CP5.241-C1, CP5.241-S1, CP5.241-S2

24V, 5A, 120W, SINGLE PHASE INPUT

DIMENSION CP-Series

POWER SUPPLY

- AC 100-240V Wide-range Input
- DC 110-300V Wide-range Input
- Width only 32mm
- Efficiency up to 94.3%
- Excellent Partial Load Efficiency
- 20% Output Power Reserves
- Easy Fuse Breaking 3 times nominal current for 12ms
- Safe Hiccup^{PLUS} Overload Mode
- Active Power Factor Correction (PFC)
- Minimal Inrush Current Surge
- Full Power Between -25°C and +60°C
- DC-OK Relay Contact
- 3 Year Warranty

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The Dimension CP-Series are cost optimized power supplies without compromising quality, reliability and performance. The CP-Series is part of the DIMENSION power supply family.

The CP5.241 power supplies come with three connection terminal options: screw, spring-clamp or push-in terminals, which are optimized for automated wiring.

The CP5.241-C1 is equipped with conformal coated pcboards preferred for the use in harsh environments.

The most outstanding features of these units are the small size, the high efficiency, the electronic inrush current limitation, active PFC and the wide operational temperature range. The devices have a power reserve of 20% included, which may even be used continuously at temperatures up to +45°C. Additionally, they can deliver 3 times the nominal output current for 12ms which helps to trip fuses on faulty output branches.

High immunity to transients and power surges as well as low electromagnetic emission, a DC-OK signal contact for remote monitoring, and a large international approval package for a variety of applications makes this unit suitable for nearly every situation.

ORDER NUMBERS

Power Supply CP5.241

CP5.241-C1 Conformal coated pc-boardsCP5.241-S1 Spring-clamp terminalsCP5.241-S2 Push-in terminals

Mechanical Accessory ZM6.WALL Wall/Panel mount bracket

SHORT-FORM DATA

Output voltage Adjustment range Output current	DC 24V 24 - 28V 6.0 - 5.1A	Nominal Factory setting 24.1V Below +45°C ambient
	5.0 – 4.3A	At +60°C ambient
	3.8 – 3.2A	At +70°C ambient
	Derate linearely be	tween +45°C and +70°C
Input voltage AC	AC 100-240V	-15%/+10%
Mains frequency	50-60Hz	±6%
Input current AC	1.09 / 0.6A	At 120 / 230Vac
Power factor	0.98 / 0.91	At 120 / 230Vac
Input voltage DC	DC 110-300V	-20%/+0%
Input current DC	1.21 / 0.43A	At 110/300Vdc
AC Inrush current	4 / 4A	At 120 / 230Vac
Efficiency	93.6 / 94.3%	At 120 / 230Vac
Losses	8.2 / 7.3W	At 120 / 230Vac
Hold-up time	25ms	
Temperature range	-25°C to +70°C	
Size (WxHxD)	32x124x102mm	Without DIN-rail
Weight	440g / 0.97lb	





DIMENSION CP-Series

CP5.241, CP5.241-C1, CP5.241-S1, CP5.241-S2

24V, 5A, 120W, SINGLE PHASE INPUT

INDEX

		Page
1.	Intended Use	3
2.	Installation Requirements	3
3.	AC-Input	4
4.	DC-Input	
5.	Input Inrush Current	5
6.	Output	
7.	Hold-up Time	
8.	DC-OK Relay Contact	
9.	Efficiency and Power Losses	
10.	Lifetime Expectancy	
	MTBF	
12.	Functional Diagram	11
	Terminals and Wiring	
	Front Side and User Elements	
	EMC	
	Environment	
	Protection Features	
	Safety Features	
	Dielectric Strength	
	Approvals	
	RoHS, REACH and Other Fulfilled Standards.	

22.	Phys	ical Dimensions and Weight	. 19
		essories	
2	3.1.	YR2.DIODE - Redundancy Module	20
2	3.2.	YR20.242 - Redundancy Module	20
		YR20.246 - Redundancy Module with	
Α	Autom	nated Load Sharing	20
2	3.4.	UF20.241 Buffer Module	21
_		ZM6.WALL – Wall/Panel Mount Bracket	
24.	Арр	lication Notes	. 22
2	4.1.	Peak Current Capability	22
2	4.2.	Back-feeding Loads	22
2	4.3.	External Input Protection	22
2	4.4.	Parallel Use to Increase Output Power	22
2	4.5.	Parallel Use for Redundancy	.23
2	4.6.	Series Operation	24
2	4.7.	Inductive and Capacitive Loads	24
2	4.8.	Charging of Batteries	24
2	4.9.	Operation on Two Phases	.25
2	4.10.	Use in a Tightly Sealed Enclosure	25
2	4.11.	Mounting Orientations	26

The information given in this document is correct to the best of our knowledge and experience at the time of publication. If not expressly agreed otherwise, this information does not represent a warranty in the legal sense of the word. As the state of our knowledge and experience is constantly changing, the information in this data sheet is subject to revision. We therefore kindly ask you to always use the latest issue of this document (available under www.pulspower.com). No part of this document may be reproduced or utilized in any form without our prior permission in writing.

TERMINOLOGY AND ABREVIATIONS

PE and 🕀 symbol	PE is the abbreviation for P rotective E arth and has the same meaning as the symbol \oplus .
Earth, Ground	This document uses the term "earth" which is the same as the U.S. term "ground".
T.b.d.	To be defined, value or description will follow later.
AC 230V	A figure displayed with the AC or DC before the value represents a nominal voltage with standard tolerances (usually ±15%) included. E.g.: DC 12V describes a 12V battery disregarding whether it is full (13.7V) or flat (10V)
230Vac	A figure with the unit (Vac) at the end is a momentary figure without any additional tolerances included.
50Hz vs. 60Hz	As long as not otherwise stated, AC 230V parameters are valid at 50Hz mains frequency.
may	A key word indicating flexibility of choice with no implied preference.
shall	A key word indicating a mandatory requirement.
should	A key word indicating flexibility of choice with a strongly preferred implementation.

Aug. 2017 / Rev. 0.1 DS-CP5.241-EN All parameters are typical values specified at 24V, 5A output, 230Vac input, 25°C ambient and after a 5 minutes run-in time unless otherwise noted. Page



CP5.241, CP5.241-C1, CP5.241-S1, CP5.241-S2

DIMENSION CP-Series

24V, 5A, 120W, SINGLE PHASE INPUT

1. INTENDED USE

This device is designed for installation in an enclosure and is intended for the general professional use such as in industrial control, office, communication, and instrumentation equipment.

Do not use this power supply in equipment, where malfunction may cause severe personal injury or threaten human life.

2. INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS

This device may only be installed and put into operation by qualified personnel.

This device does not contain serviceable parts. The tripping of an internal fuse is caused by an internal defect.

If damage or malfunction should occur during installation or operation, immediately turn power off and send unit to the factory for inspection.

Mount the unit on a DIN-rail so that the input terminals are located on the bottom of the unit. For other mounting orientations see de-rating requirements in this document. See chapter 24.11.

This device is designed for convection cooling and does not require an external fan. Do not obstruct airflow and do not cover ventilation grid (e.g. cable conduits) by more than 15%!

Keep the following installation clearances: 40mm on top, 20mm on the bottom, 5mm on the left and right sides are recommended when the device is loaded permanently with more than 50% of the rated power. Increase this clearance to 15mm in case the adjacent device is a heat source (e.g. another power supply).

A disconnecting means shall be provided for the output of the power supplies when used in applications according to CSA C22.2 No 107.1-01.

WARNING Risk of electrical shock, fire, personal injury or death.

- Do not use the power supply without proper grounding (Protective Earth). Use the terminal on the input block for earth connection and not one of the screws on the housing.
- Turn power off before working on the device. Protect against inadvertent re-powering.
- Make sure that the wiring is correct by following all local and national codes.
- Do not modify or repair the unit.
- Do not open the unit as high voltages are present inside.
- Use caution to prevent any foreign objects from entering the housing.
- Do not use in wet locations or in areas where moisture or condensation can be expected.
- Do not touch during power-on, and immediately after power-off. Hot surfaces may cause burns.



CP5.241, CP5.241-C1, CP5.241-S1, CP5.241-S2

DIMENSION **CP-Series**

24V, 5A, 120W, SINGLE PHASE INPUT

3. AC-INPUT

AC input	Nom.	AC 100-240V	Suitable for TN-, TT- and IT mains networks		
AC input range	Min.	85-264Vac	Continuous operation		
	Min.	264-300Vac	< 500ms		
Allowed voltage L or N to earth	Max.	300Vac	Continuous, IEC 62103		
Input frequency	Nom.	50–60Hz	±6%		
Turn-on voltage	Тур.	76Vac	Steady-state value, see Fig. 3-1		
Shut-down voltage	Тур.	72Vac	Steady-state value, see Fig. 3-1		
External input protection	See recommendations in chapter 24.3.				

		AC 100V	AC 120V	AC 230V	
Input current	Тур.	1.30A	1.09A	0.60A	At 24V, 5A, see Fig. 3-3
Power factor ^{*)}	Тур.	0.99	0.98	0.91	At 24V, 5A, see Fig. 3-4
Crest factor**)	Тур.	1.7	1.8	2.2	At 24V, 5A
Start-up delay	Тур.	360ms	350ms	350ms	See Fig. 3-2
Rise time	Тур.	40ms	40ms	40ms	At 24V, 5A const. current load, 0mF load capacitance, see Fig. 3-2
	Тур.	80ms	80ms	80ms	At 24V, 5A const. current load, 5mF load capacitance,, see Fig. 3-2
Turn-on overshoot	Max.	200mV	200mV	200mV	See Fig. 3-2

The power factor is the ratio of the true (or real) power to the apparent power in an AC circuit.

*) **) The crest factor is the mathematical ratio of the peak value to RMS value of the input current waveform.

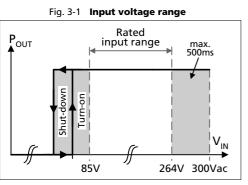


Fig. 3-3 Input current vs. output current at 24V output voltage

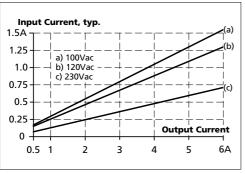
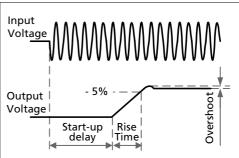
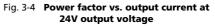
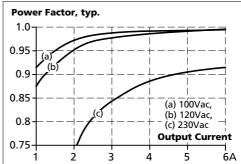


Fig. 3-2 Turn-on behavior, definitions









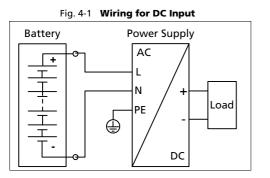
CP5.241, CP5.241-C1, CP5.241-S1, CP5.241-S2

DIMENSION CP-Series

24V, 5A, 120W, SINGLE PHASE INPUT

4. DC-INPUT

DC input	Nom.	DC 110-300V	-20%/+0%	
DC input range	Min.	88-300Vdc	Continuous operation	
DC input current	Тур.	1.21 / 0.43A	At 110 / 300Vdc, at 24V, 5A	
Allowed Voltage L/N to Earth	Max.	360Vdc	Continuous, IEC 62477-1	
Turn-on voltage	Тур.	74Vdc	Steady state value	
Shut-down voltage	Тур.	68Vdc	Steady state value	



Instructions for DC use:

- a) Use a battery or a similar DC source. A supply from the intermediate DC-bus of a frequency converter is not recommended and can cause a malfunction or damage the unit.
- b) Connect +pole to L and –pole to N.
- c) Connect the PE terminal to an earth wire or to the machine ground.

5. INPUT INRUSH CURRENT

An active inrush limitation circuit (NTCs, which are bypassed by a relay contact) limits the input inrush current after turn-on of the input voltage.

The charging current into EMI suppression capacitors is disregarded in the first microseconds after switch-on.

		AC 100V	AC 120V	AC 230V	
Inrush current	Max.	8A _{peak}	7A _{peak}	7A _{peak}	At 40°C, cold start
	Тур.	5A _{peak}	4A _{peak}	$4A_{peak}$	At 25°C, cold start
	Тур.	5A _{peak}	5A _{peak}	6A _{peak}	At 40°C, cold start
Inrush energy	Max.	0.4A ² s	0.5A ² s	1A ² s	At 40°C, cold start

Fig. 5-1 Typical turn-on behaviour at nominal load, 120Vac input and 25°C ambient

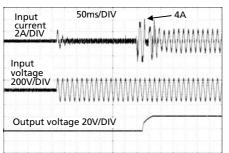
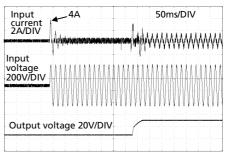


Fig. 5-2 Typical turn-on behaviour at nominal load, 120Vac input and 25°C ambient





CP5.241, CP5.241-C1, CP5.241-S1, CP5.241-S2

DIMENSION CP-Series

24V, 5A, 120W, SINGLE PHASE INPUT

6. OUTPUT

Output voltage	Nom.	24V	
Adjustment range	Min.	24-28V	Guaranteed value
Adjustment range	Max.	30.0V	This is the maximum output voltage which can occur at the clockwise end position of the potentiometer due to tolerances. It is not a guaranteed value which can be achieved.
Factory settings	Тур.	24.1V	±0.2%, at full load and cold unit
Line regulation	Max.	10mV	Between 85 and 300Vac
Load regulation	Max.	50mV	Between 0A and 16A, static value, see Fig. 6-1
Ripple and noise voltage	Max.	50mVpp	20Hz to 20MHz, 50Ohm
Output current	Nom.	6A ¹⁾	At 24V and an ambient temperature below 45°C, see Fig. 16-1
	Nom.	5A	At 24V and 60°C ambient temperature, see Fig. 6-1
	Nom.	3.8A	At 24V and 70°C ambient temperature, see Fig. 16-1
	Nom.	5.1A ¹⁾	At 28V and an ambient temperature below 45°C, see Fig. 16-1
	Nom.	4.3A	At 28V and 60°C ambient temperature, see Fig. 6-1
	Nom.	3.2A	At 28V and 70°C ambient temperature, see Fig. 16-1
	Тур.	15A	For minimal 12ms once every five seconds, see Fig. 6-2 The output voltage stays above 20V. See chapter 24.1 for more peak current measurements.
Overload behaviour		Continuous current	Output voltage > 13Vdc, see Fig. 6-1
		Hiccup ^{PLUS} mode ²⁾	Output voltage < 13Vdc, see Fig. 6-1
Short-circuit current	Min.	9A ³⁾	Load impedance 50mOhm, see Fig. 6-3
	Max.	14A ³⁾	Load impedance 50mOhm, see Fig. 6-3
	Max.	3.3A	Average (R.M.S.) current, load impedance 50mOhm, see Fig. 6-3
	Min.	15A	Up to 12ms, load impedance 50mOhm, see Fig. 6-2
	Тур.	16A	Up to 12ms, load impedance 50mOhm, see Fig. 6-2
Output capacitance	Тур.	2 000µF	Included inside the power supply

1) Power Boost

This power/ current is continuously allowed up to an ambient temperature of 45°C.

Above 45°C, do not use this power/ current longer than a duty cycle of 10% and/ or not longer than 1 minute every 10 minutes. 2) **Hiccup**^{PLUS} **Mode**

At heavy overloads (when output voltage falls below 13V), the power supply delivers continuous output current for 2s. After this, the output is switched off for approx. 18s before a new start attempt is automatically performed. This cycle is repeated as long as the overload exists. If the overload has been cleared, the device will operate normally. See Fig. 6-3

3) Discharge current of output capacitors is not included.



DIMENSION CP-Series

CP5.241-S1, CP5.241-S2

CP5.241, CP5.241-C1,

24V, 5A, 120W, SINGLE PHASE INPUT

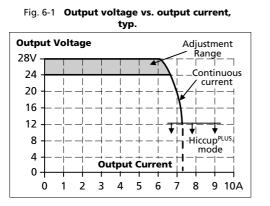


Fig. 6-3 Short-circuit on output, Hiccup^{PLUS} mode, typ.

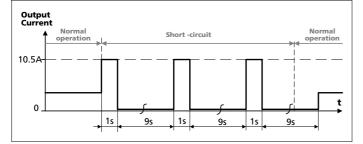
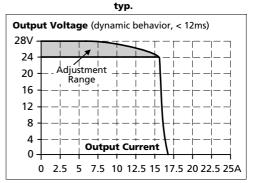


Fig. 6-2 Dynamic output current capability,





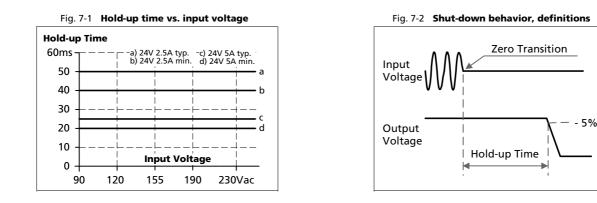
CP5.241, CP5.241-C1, CP5.241-S1, CP5.241-S2

DIMENSION CP-Series

24V, 5A, 120W, SINGLE PHASE INPUT

7. HOLD-UP TIME

		AC 100V	AC 120V	AC 230V	
Hold-up Time	Тур.	50ms	50ms	50ms	At 24V, 2.5A, see Fig. 7-1
	Min.	40ms	40ms	40ms	At 24V, 2.5A, see Fig. 7-1
	Тур.	25ms	25ms	25ms	At 24V, 5A, see Fig. 7-1
	Min.	20ms	20ms	20ms	At 24V, 5A, see Fig. 7-1

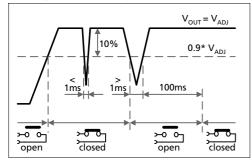


8. DC-OK RELAY CONTACT

The DC-OK relay contact reports an output terminal voltage above 90% of the adjusted output voltage.

Contact closes	As soon as the output voltage reaches typ. 90% of the adjusted output voltage level.
Contact opens	As soon as the output voltage dips more than 10% below the adjusted output voltage. Short dips will be extended to a signal length of 100ms. Dips shorter than 1ms will be ignored.
Switching hysteresis	Typically 0.7V
Contact ratings	Maximal 60Vdc 0.3A, 30Vdc 1A, 30Vac 0.5A, resistive load
	Minimal permissible load: 1mA at 5Vdc
Isolation voltage	See dielectric strength table in section 18.

Fig. 8-1 DC-ok relay contact behavior





CP5.241, CP5.241-C1, CP5.241-S1, CP5.241-S2

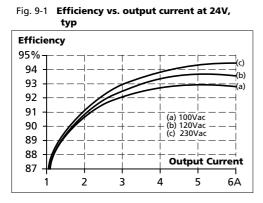
DIMENSION CP-Series

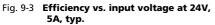
24V, 5A, 120W, SINGLE PHASE INPUT

9. EFFICIENCY AND POWER LOSSES

		AC 100V	AC 120V	AC 230V	
Efficiency	Тур.	92.9%	93.6%	94.3%	At 24V, 5A
	Тур.	92.7%	93.5%	94.5%	At 24V, 6A (Power Boost)
Average efficiency*)	Тур.	91.3%	91.7%	92.0%	25% at 1.25A, 25% at 2.5A, 25% at 3.75A. 25% at 5A
Power losses	Тур.	1.5W	1.5W	1.4W	At 24V, 0A
	Тур.	4.6W	4.4W	4.1W	At 24V, 2.5A
	Тур.	9.2W	8.2W	7.3W	At 24V, 5A
	Тур.	11.3W	9.8W	8.4W	At 24V, 6A (Power Boost)

*) The average efficiency is an assumption for a typical application where the power supply is loaded with 25% of the nominal load for 25% of the time, 50% of the nominal load for another 25% of the time, 75% of the nominal load for another 25% of the time and with 100% of the nominal load for the rest of the time.





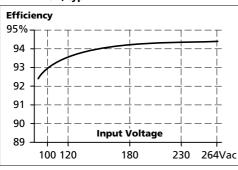


Fig. 9-2 Losses vs. output current at 24V, typ.

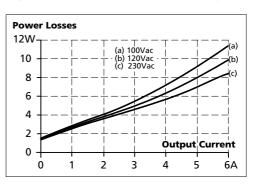
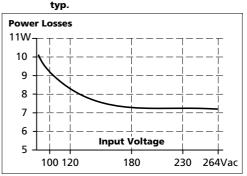


Fig. 9-4 Losses vs. input voltage at 24V, 5A,





CP5.241, CP5.241-C1, CP5.241-S1, CP5.241-S2

DIMENSION CP-Series

24V, 5A, 120W, SINGLE PHASE INPUT

10. LIFETIME EXPECTANCY

The Lifetime expectancy shown in the table indicates the minimum operating hours (service life) and is determined by the lifetime expectancy of the built-in electrolytic capacitors. Lifetime expectancy is specified in operational hours and is calculated according to the capacitor's manufacturer specification. The manufacturer of the electrolytic capacitors only guarantees a maximum life of up to 15 years (131 400h). Any number exceeding this value is a calculated theoretical lifetime which can be used to compare devices.

AC 100V	AC 120V	AC 230V	
265 000h	270 000h	274 000h	At 24V, 2.5A and 40°C
748 000h	764 000h	775 000h	At 24V, 2.5A and 25°C
128 000h	143 000h	166 000h	At 24V, 5A and 40°C
363 000h	405 000h	469 000h	At 24V, 5A and 25°C
81 000h	96 000h	119 000h	At 24V, 6A and 40°C
228 000h	271 000h	336 000h	At 24V, 6A and 25°C
	265 000h 748 000h 128 000h 363 000h 81 000h	265 000h270 000h748 000h764 000h128 000h143 000h363 000h405 000h81 000h96 000h	265 000h270 000h274 000h748 000h764 000h775 000h128 000h143 000h166 000h363 000h405 000h469 000h81 000h96 000h119 000h

11. MTBF

MTBF stands for **M**ean **T**ime **B**etween **F**ailure, which is calculated according to statistical device failures, and indicates reliability of a device. It is the statistical representation of the likelihood of a unit to fail and does not necessarily represent the life of a product.

The MTBF figure is a statistical representation of the likelihood of a device to fail. A MTBF figure of e.g. 1 000 000h means that statistically one unit will fail every 100 hours if 10 000 units are installed in the field. However, it can not be determined if the failed unit has been running for 50 000h or only for 100h.

For these types of units the MTTF (Mean Time To Failure) value is the same value as the MTBF value.

	AC 100V	AC 120V	AC 230V	
MTBF SN 29500, IEC 61709	T.B.D.	T.B.D.	T.B.D.	At 24V, 5A and 40°C
	T.B.D.	T.B.D.	T.B.D.	At 24V, 5A and 25°C
MTBF MIL HDBK 217F	T.B.D.	T.B.D.	T.B.D.	At 24V, 5A and 40°C; Ground Benign GB40
	T.B.D.	T.B.D.	T.B.D.	At 24V, 5A and 25°C; Ground Benign GB25
	T.B.D.	T.B.D.	T.B.D.	At 24V, 5A and 40°C; Ground Fixed GF40
	T.B.D.	T.B.D.	T.B.D.	At 24V, 5A and 25°C; Ground Fixed GF25

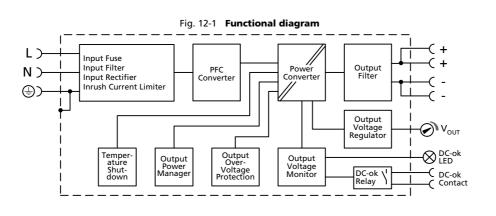


CP5.241, CP5.241-C1, CP5.241-S1, CP5.241-S2

DIMENSION CP-Series

24V, 5A, 120W, SINGLE PHASE INPUT

12. FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM



13. TERMINALS AND WIRING

The terminals are IP20 Finger safe constructed and suitable for field- and factory wiring.

CP5.241, CP5.241-C1	Input	Output	DC-OK-Signal
Туре	Screw termination	Screw termination	Push-in termination
Solid wire	Max. 6mm ²	Max. 6mm ²	Max. 1.5mm ²
Stranded wire	Max. 4mm ²	Max. 4mm ²	Max. 1.5mm ²
American Wire Gauge	AWG 20-10	AWG 20-10	AWG 24-16
Max. wire diameter (including ferrules)	2.8mm	2.8mm	1.6mm
Recommended tightening torque	Max. 1Nm, 9lb-in	Max. 1Nm, 9lb-in	-
Wire stripping length	7mm / 0.28inch	7mm / 0.28inch	7mm / 0.28inch
Screwdriver	3.5mm slotted or cross- head No 2	3.5mm slotted or cross- head No 2	3mm slotted to open the spring

CP5.241-S1	Input	Output	DC-OK-Signal
Туре	Quick-connect spring- clamp termination	Quick-connect spring- clamp termination	Push-in termination
Solid wire	Max. 6mm ²	Max. 6mm ²	Max. 1.5mm ²
Stranded wire	Max. 4mm ²	Max. 4mm ²	Max. 1.5mm ²
American Wire Gauge	AWG 20-10	AWG 20-10	AWG 24-16
Max. wire diameter (including ferrules)	2.8mm	2.8mm	1.6mm
Wire stripping length	10mm / 0.4inch	10mm / 0.4inch	7mm / 0.28inch
Screwdriver	-	-	3mm slotted to open the spring



CP5.241, CP5.241-C1, CP5.241-S1, CP5.241-S2

DIMENSION CP-Series

24V, 5A, 120W, SINGLE PHASE INPUT

CP5.241-S2	Input	Output	DC-OK-Signal
Туре	Push-in termination	Push-in termination	Push-in termination
Solid wire	Max. 2.5mm ²	Max. 10mm ²	Max. 1.5mm ²
Stranded wire	Max. 2.5mm ²	Max. 6mm ²	Max. 1.5mm ²
Stranded wire with ferrules	Max. 1.5mm ²	Max. 4mm ²	Max. 1.5mm ²
American Wire Gauge	AWG 24-12	AWG 24-8	AWG 24-16
Max. wire diameter (including ferrules)	2.3mm	3.3mm	1.6mm
Wire stripping length	10mm / 0.4inch	15mm / 0.6inch	7mm / 0.28inch
Screwdriver	3.0mm slotted to open the spring	3.5mm slotted to open the spring	3mm slotted to open the spring

Instructions for wiring:

- a) Use appropriate copper cables that are designed for minimum operating temperatures of: 60°C for ambient up to 45°C and 75°C for ambient up to 60°C and
 - 90°C for ambient up to 70°C minimum.
- b) Follow national installation codes and installation regulations!
- c) Ensure that all strands of a stranded wire enter the terminal connection!
- d) Unused terminal compartments should be securely tightened.
- e) Ferrules are allowed.

Daisy chaining:

Daisy chaining (jumping from one power supply output to the next) is allowed as long as the average output current through one terminal pin does not exceed 25A or 15A for the CP5.241-S2. If the current is higher, use a separate distribution terminal block as shown in Fig. 13-2.



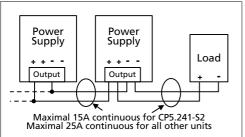
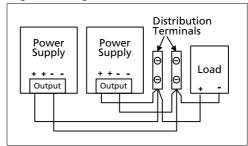


Fig. 13-2 Using distribution terminals





CP5.241, CP5.241-C1, CP5.241-S1, CP5.241-S2

DIMENSION CP-Series

24V, 5A, 120W, SINGLE PHASE INPUT

14. FRONT SIDE AND USER ELEMENTS

C5.241, CP5.241-C1







A Input Terminals

- N, L Line input
- PE (Protective Earth) input

<u>B</u> Output Terminals

- Two identical + poles and two identical poles
 - + Positive output
 - Negative (return) output

<u>C</u> Output Voltage Potentiometer Open the flap to adjust the output voltage.

- Open the flap to adjust the output vo
- DC-OK LED (green)

On, when the output voltage is >90% of the adjusted output voltage

<u>E</u> DC-OK Relay Contact The DC-OK relay contact is synchronized with the DC-OK LED. See chapter 8 for details.



CP5.241, CP5.241-C1, CP5.241-S1, CP5.241-S2

DIMENSION CP-Series

24V, 5A, 120W, SINGLE PHASE INPUT

15. EMC

The power supply is suitable for applications in industrial environment as well as in residential, commercial and light industry environments.

EMC Immunity	According gener	ic standards: EN 61000-6-1 and EN 61	000-6-2	
Electrostatic discharge	EN 61000-4-2	contact discharge	8kV	Criterion A
		air discharge	15kV	Criterion A
Electromagnetic RF field	EN 61000-4-3	80MHz-2.7GHz	20V/m	Criterion A
Fast transients (Burst)	EN 61000-4-4	input lines	4kV	Criterion A
		output lines	2kV	Criterion A
		DC-OK signal (coupling clamp)	2kV	Criterion A
Surge voltage on input	EN 61000-4-5	$L \rightarrow N$	2kV	Criterion A
		$L \rightarrow PE, N \rightarrow PE$	4kV	Criterion A
Surge voltage on output	EN 61000-4-5	+ → -	1kV	Criterion A
		+ / - → PE	2kV	Criterion A
Surge voltage on DC-OK	EN 61000-4-5	DC-OK signal \rightarrow PE	1kV	Criterion A
Conducted disturbance	EN 61000-4-6	0.15-80MHz	20V	Criterion A
Mains voltage dips	EN 61000-4-11	0% of 100Vac	0Vac, 20ms	Criterion A
		40% of 100Vac	40Vac, 200ms	Criterion C
		70% of 100Vac	70Vac, 500ms	Criterion C
		0% of 200Vac	0Vac, 20ms	Criterion A
		40% of 200Vac	80Vac, 200ms	Criterion A
		70% of 200Vac	140Vac, 500ms	Criterion A
Voltage interruptions	EN 61000-4-11	0% of 200Vac (=0V)	5000ms	Criterion C
Voltage sags	SEMI F47 0706	dips on the input voltage according to SEMI F47 standard		
		80% of 120Vac (96Vac)	1000ms	Criterion A
		70% of 120Vac (84Vac)	500ms	Criterion A
		50% of 120Vac (60Vac)	200ms	Criterion A
Powerful transients	VDE 0160	over entire load range	750V, 0.3ms	Criterion A
Critorions		-		

Criterions:

A: Power supply shows normal operation behavior within the defined limits.

C: Temporary loss of function is possible. Power supply may shut-down and restarts by itself. No damage or hazards for the power supply will occur.

EMC Emission	According generic standards: EN 61000-6-3 and EN 61000-6-4				
Conducted emission input lines	EN 55011, EN 55022, FCC Part 15, CISPR 11, CISPR 22	Class B			
Conducted emission output lines ^{**)}	IEC/CISPR 16-1-2, IEC/CISPR 16-2-1	Class A			
Radiated emission	EN 55011, EN 55022	Class B			
Harmonic input current (PFC)	EN 61000-3-2	Class A equipment: fulfilled			
Voltage fluctuations, flicker	EN 61000-3-3	Fulfilled ^{*)}			

This device complies with FCC Part 15 rules.

Operation is subjected to following two conditions: (1) this device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

*) tested with constant current loads, non pulsing

**) for information only, not mandatory for EN 61000-6-3



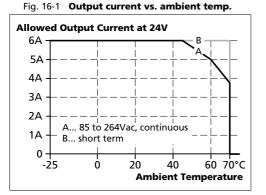
CP5.241, CP5.241-C1, CP5.241-S1, CP5.241-S2

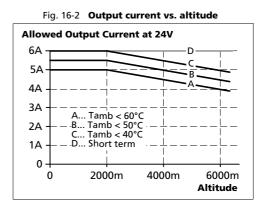
DIMENSION CP-Series

24V, 5A, 120W, SINGLE PHASE INPUT

PFC converter	70kHz to 130kHz	Input voltage and	d output power dependent	
Main converter	60kHz to 140kHz	Output load depe	endent	
Auxiliary converter	60kHz	Fixed frequency		
16. Environmen	Т			
Operational temperature ¹⁾	-25°C to +70°C (-13	3°F to 158°F)	Reduce output power according to Fig. 15-1	
Storage temperature	-40°C to +85°C (-4	0°F to 185°F)	For storage and transportation	
Output de-rating	1.6W/°C 3W/°C		Between +45°C and +60°C (113°F to 140°F) Between +60°C and +70°C (140°F to 158°F)	
Humidity	5 to 95% r.h.		According to IEC 60068-2-30 Do not energize while condensation is present.	
Vibration sinusoidal ²⁾	2-17.8Hz: ±1.6mm; 2 hours / axis	17.8-500Hz: 2g	According to IEC 60068-2-6	
Shock ²⁾	30g 6ms, 20g 11ms 3 bumps / directior	s n, 18 bumps in total	According to IEC 60068-2-27	
Altitude	0 to 2000m (0 to 6	5 560ft)	Without any restrictions	
	2000 to 6000m (6	560 to 20 000ft)	Reduce output power or ambient temperature according to Fig. 15-2	
Altitude de-rating	7.5W/1000m or 5°0	C/1000m	Above 2000m (6500ft), see Fig. 15-2	
Over-voltage category	111		According to IEC 62477-1 for altitudes up to 2000m	
	II		For altitudes from 2000m to 6000m	
Degree of pollution	2		According to IEC 62477-1, not conductive	
LABS compatibility		The unit does not release any silicone or other LABS-critical substances and is suitable for use in paint shops.		
Audible noise	Some small audible	e noise will be emitte	ed from the power supply	
Corrosive gases	ISA-71.04-1985, Severity Level G3, IEC 60068-2-60 Test Ke Method 4			
Audible noise	Some small audible noise will be emitted from the power supply			

Deperational temperature is the same as the ambient or surrounding temperature and is defined as the air temperature 2cm below the unit.
 Tested in combination with DIN-Rails according to EN 60715 with a height of 15mm and a thickness of 1.3mm and standard orientation.





Aug. 2017 / Rev. 0.1 DS-CP5.241-EN All parameters are typical values specified at 24V, 5A output, 230Vac input, 25°C ambient and after a 5 minutes run-in time unless otherwise noted.

www.pulspower.com Phone +49 89 9278 0 Germany



CP5.241, CP5.241-C1, CP5.241-S1, CP5.241-S2

DIMENSION CP-Series

24V, 5A, 120W, SINGLE PHASE INPUT

17. PROTECTION FEATURES

Output protection	Electronically protected against overload, no-load and short-circuits. In case of a protection event, audible noise may occur.		
Output over-voltage protection	Typ. 30.5Vdc Max. 32Vdc	In case of an internal power supply defect, a redundant circuit limits the maximum output voltage. The output shuts down and automatically attempts to restart.	
Degree of protection	IP 20	According to EN/IEC 60529 Caution: For use in a controlled environment according to CSA 22.2 No 107.1-01.	
Penetration protection	> 3.5mm	E.g. screws, small parts	
Over-temperature protection	Yes	Output shut-down with automatic restart. Temperature sensors are installed on critical components inside the unit and turn the unit off in safety critical situations, which can happen e.g. when de-rating requirements are not observed, ambient temperature is too high, ventilation is obstructed or the de-rating requirements are not followed. There is no correlation between the operating temperature and turn-off temperature since this is dependent on input voltage, load and installation methods.	
Input transient protection	MOV (Metal Oxide Varistor)	For protection values see chapter 15 (EMC).	
Internal input fuse	Included	Not user replaceable slow-blow high-braking capacity fuse	

18. SAFETY FEATURES

Input / output separation	Double or reinforce	ed insulation
	SELV	According to IEC/EN 60950-1
	PELV	According to IEC/EN 60204-1, EN 62477-1, IEC 60364-4-41
Class of protection		PE (Protective Earth) connection required
Isolation resistance	> 500MOhm	At delivered condition between input and output, measured with 500Vdc
	> 500MOhm	At delivered condition between input and PE, measured with 500Vdc
	> 500MOhm	At delivered condition between output and PE, measured with 500Vdc
	> 500MOhm	At delivered condition between output and DC-OK contacts, measured with 500Vdc
PE resistance	< 0.10hm	Resistance between PE terminal and the housing in the area of the DIN-rail mounting bracket.
Touch current (leakage current)	T.b.d.	At 100Vac, 50Hz, TN-,TT-mains / IT-mains
	T.b.d.	At 120Vac, 60Hz, TN-,TT-mains / IT-mains
	T.b.d.	At 230Vac, 50Hz, TN-,TT-mains / IT-mains
	T.b.d.	At 110Vac, 50Hz, TN-,TT-mains / IT-mains
	T.b.d.	At 132Vac, 60Hz, TN-,TT-mains / IT-mains
	T.b.d.	At 264Vac, 50Hz, TN-,TT-mains / IT-mains



CP5.241, CP5.241-C1, CP5.241-S1, CP5.241-S2

DIMENSION CP-Series

24V, 5A, 120W, SINGLE PHASE INPUT

19. DIELECTRIC STRENGTH

The output voltage is floating and has no ohmic connection to the ground. Type and factory tests are conducted by the manufacturer. Field tests may be conducted in the field using the appropriate test equipment which applies the voltage with a slow ramp (2s up and 2s down). Connect all input-terminals together as well as all output poles before conducting the test. When testing, set the cut-off current settings to the value in the table below.

Fig. 19-1 Dielectric strength $\begin{array}{c}
\text{Input}\\
\textbf{L} \\
\textbf{N} \\
\textbf{M} \\
\textbf{Earth, PE}\\
\hline
\textbf{E} \\
\textbf{D} \\
\textbf{C} \\$

		Α	В	С	D
Type test	60s	2500Vac	3000Vac	1000Vac	500Vac
Factory test	5s	2500Vac	2500Vac	500Vac	500Vac
Field test	5s	2000Vac	2000Vac	500Vac	500Vac
Cut-off current	etting	> 10mA	> 10mA	> 20mA	> 1mA

To fulfil the PELV requirements according to EN60204-1 § 6.4.1, we recommend that either the + pole, the – pole or any other part of the output circuit shall be connected to the protective earth system. This helps to avoid situations in which a load starts unexpectedly or can not be switched off when unnoticed earth faults occur.

B*) When testing input to DC-OK ensure that the maximal voltage between DC-OK and the output is not exceeded (column D). We recommend connecting DC-OK pins and the output pins together when performing the test.



CP5.241, CP5.241-C1, CP5.241-S1, CP5.241-S2

DIMENSION CP-Series

24V, 5A, 120W, SINGLE PHASE INPUT

20. Approvals		
EC Declaration of Conformity	CE	The CE mark indicates conformance with the - EMC directive, - Low-voltage directive and the - ATEX directive planned
IEC 60950-1 2 nd Edition planned	IECEE CB SCHEME	CB Scheme, Information Technology Equipment
UL 508 planned	CULUS LISTED	Listed for use as Industrial Control Equipment; U.S.A. (UL 508) and Canada (C22.2 No. 107-1-01); E-File: E198865
UL 60950-1 2 nd Edition planned		Recognized for use as Information Technology Equipment, Level 5; U.S.A. (UL 60950-1) and Canada (C22.2 No. 60950-1); E-File: E137006 Applicable for altitudes up to 2000m.
ANSI / ISA 12.12.01-2007 Class I Div 2 planned		Recognized for use in Hazardous Location Class I Div 2 TX Groups A,B,C,D systems; U.S.A. (ANSI / ISA 12.12.01-2007) and Canada (C22.2 No. 213-M1987)
EN 60079-0, EN 60079-7 ATEX planned	II 3G Ex ec nC II TX Gc	Approval for use in hazardous locations Zone 2 Category 3G. Number of ATEX certificate: T.B.D. The power supply must be built-in in an IP54 enclosure.
IEC 60079-0, IEC 60079-7 planned	IECEx	Suitable for use in Class 1 Zone 2 Groups IIa, IIb and IIc locations. Number of IECEx certificate: T.B.D.
Marine planned	GL	GL (Germanischer Lloyd) classified Environmental category: C, EMC2 Marine and offshore applications
EAC TR Registration planned	EAC	Registration for the Eurasian Customs Union market (Russia, Kazakhstan, Belarus)

21. ROHS, REACH AND OTHER FULFILLED STANDARDS

RoHS Directive	RoHS 🗸	Directive 2011/65/EU of the European Parliament and the Council of June 8 th , 2011 on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment.
REACH Directive	REACH 🗸	Directive 1907/2006/EU of the European Parliament and the Council of June 1 st , 2007 regarding the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH)
IEC/EN 61558-2-16 (Annex BB)	Safety Isolating Transformer	Safety Isolating Transformers corresponding to Part 2-6 of the IEC/EN 61558



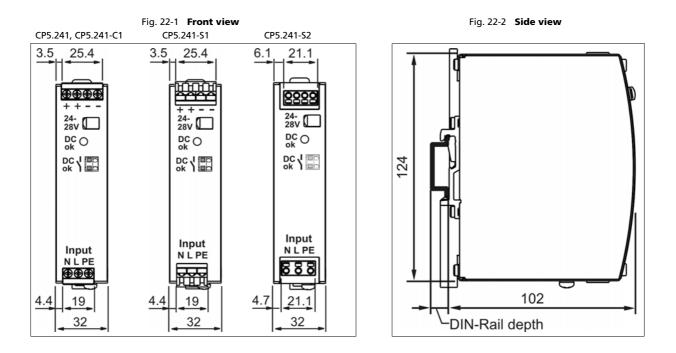
CP5.241, CP5.241-C1, CP5.241-S1, CP5.241-S2

DIMENSION CP-Series

24V, 5A, 120W, SINGLE PHASE INPUT

22. PHYSICAL DIMENSIONS AND WEIGHT

Width	32mm 1.26"
Height	124mm 4.88"
Depth	102mm 4.02"
	The DIN-rail height must be added to the unit depth to calculate the total required installation depth.
Weight	440g / 0.97lb
DIN-Rail	Use 35mm DIN-rails according to EN 60715 or EN 50022 with a height of 7.5 or 15mm.
Housing material	Body: Aluminium alloy
	Cover: zinc-plated steel
Installation clearances	See chapter 2



Aug. 2017 / Rev. 0.1 DS-CP5.241-EN All parameters are typical values specified at 24V, 5A output, 230Vac input, 25°C ambient and after a 5 minutes run-in time unless otherwise noted.

www.pulspower.com Phone +49 89 9278 0 Germany



CP5.241, CP5.241-C1, CP5.241-S1, CP5.241-S2

DIMENSION CP-Series

24V, 5A, 120W, SINGLE PHASE INPUT

23. Accessories

23.1. YR2.DIODE - REDUNDANCY MODULE



The YR2.DIODE is equipped with two input channels, which are individually decoupled by utilizing diodes. The YR2.DIODE does not require an additional auxiliary voltage and is self-powered even in case of a short circuit across the output.

The unit is very slender and only requires 32mm width on the DIN-rail.

Further information and wiring configurations can be found in chapter 24.5.

23.2. YR20.242 - REDUNDANCY MODULE



The YR20.242 is equipped with two input channels, which are individually decoupled by utilizing MOSFET technology. Using MOSFETSs instead of diodes reduces the heat generation and the voltage drop between input and output. The YR20.242 does not require an additional auxiliary voltage and is self-powered even in case of a short circuit across the output.

Due to the low power losses, the unit is very slender and only requires 32mm width on the DIN-rail.

The YR20.242 can be used for n+1 and 1+1 redundancy systems.

Further information and wiring configurations can be found in chapter 24.5.

23.3. YR20.246 - REDUNDANCY MODULE WITH AUTOMATED LOAD SHARING



The YR20.246 is equipped with two input channels, which are individually decoupled by utilizing MOSFET technology. Using MOSFETSs instead of diodes reduces the heat generation and the voltage drop between input and output. The YR20.246 does not require an additional auxiliary voltage and is self-powered even in case of a short circuit across the output.

Due to the low power losses, the unit is very slender and only requires 32mm width on the DIN-rail.

The YR20.246 is optimized for 1+1 redundancy systems.

Compared to the YR20.242, the YR20.246 is featured with an automated load sharing between the connected power supplies. The YR20.246 monitors the function of the redundancy circuitry and provides a signal in case of too high of output current, which could prevent redundancy, if one power supply fails.

Further information and wiring configurations can be found in chapter 24.5.



CP5.241, CP5.241-C1, CP5.241-S1, CP5.241-S2

DIMENSION **CP-Series**

24V, 5A, 120W, SINGLE PHASE INPUT

Power

Supply

AC

DC

Buffer

Unit(s)

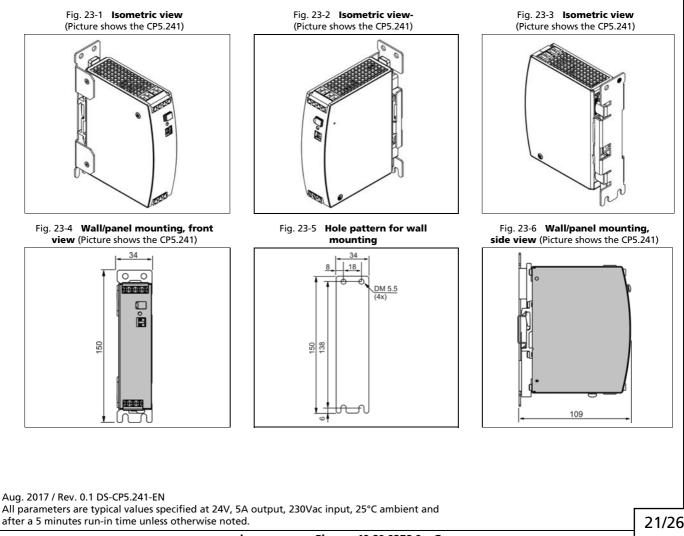
I oad

23.4. UF20.241 BUFFER MODULE This buffer unit is a supplementary device for DC 24V power supplies. It delivers power to bridge typical mains failures or extends the hold-up time after turn-off of the AC power. In times when the power supply provides sufficient voltages, the buffer unit stores energy in integrated electrolytic capacitors. In case of mains voltage fault, this energy is released again in a regulated process. One buffer module can deliver 20A additional current. The buffer unit does not require any control wiring. It can be added in parallel to the load circuit at any given point. Buffer units can be added in parallel to increase the output ampacity or the hold-up time.

23.5. ZM6.WALL – WALL/PANEL MOUNT BRACKET

This bracket is used to mount the devices on a wall/panel without utilizing a DIN-Rail. It is suitable for CP5.241, CP5.241-C1, CP5.241-S1 and CP5.241-S2.

The bracket can be mounted without detaching the DIN-rail brackets.





CP5.241, CP5.241-C1, CP5.241-S1, CP5.241-S2

DIMENSION CP-Series

24V, 5A, 120W, SINGLE PHASE INPUT

24. APPLICATION NOTES

24.1. PEAK CURRENT CAPABILITY

T.B.D.

24.2. BACK-FEEDING LOADS

Loads such as decelerating motors and inductors can feed voltage back to the power supply. This feature is also called return voltage immunity or resistance against Back- E.M.F. (<u>E</u>lectro <u>Magnetic Force</u>).

This power supply is resistant and does not show malfunctioning when a load feeds back voltage to the power supply. It does not matter whether the power supply is on or off.

The maximum allowed feed-back-voltage is 35Vdc. The absorbing energy can be calculated according to the built-in large sized output capacitor which is specified in chapter 6.

24.3. EXTERNAL INPUT PROTECTION

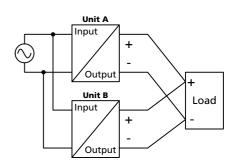
The unit is tested and approved for branch circuits up to 30A (UL) and 32A (IEC). An external protection is only required if the supplying branch has an ampacity greater than this. Check also local codes and local requirements. In some countries local regulations might apply.

If an external fuse is necessary or utilized, minimum requirements need to be considered to avoid nuisance tripping of the circuit breaker. A minimum value of 6A B- or C-Characteristic breaker should be used.

24.4. PARALLEL USE TO INCREASE OUTPUT POWER

Power supplies can be paralleled to increase the output power. The output voltage of all power supplies shall be adjusted to the same value (±100mV) with the same load conditions on all units, or the units can be left with the factory settings. There is no feature included which balances the load current between the power supplies. Usually the power supply with the higher adjusted output voltage draws current until it goes into current limitation. This means no harm to this power supply as long as the ambient temperature stays below 40°C.

If more than three units are connected in parallel, a fuse or circuit breaker with a rating of 10A is required on each output. Alternatively, a diode or redundancy module can also be utilized.



Energize all units at the same time to avoid the overload Hiccup^{*PLUS*} mode. It also might be necessary to cycle the input power (turn-off for at least five seconds), if the output was in Hiccup^{*PLUS*} mode due to overload or short circuits and the required output current is higher than the current of one unit.

Restrictions:

Keep an installation clearance of 15mm (left / right) between two power supplies and avoid installing the power supplies on top of each other.

Do not use power supplies in parallel in mounting orientations other than the standard mounting orientation (terminals on bottom of the unit) or in any other condition where a derating of the output current is required (e.g. altitude, ...).

Pay attention that leakage current, EMI, inrush current, harmonics will increase when using multiple power supplies.



CP5.241, CP5.241-C1, CP5.241-S1, CP5.241-S2

DIMENSION CP-Series

24V, 5A, 120W, SINGLE PHASE INPUT

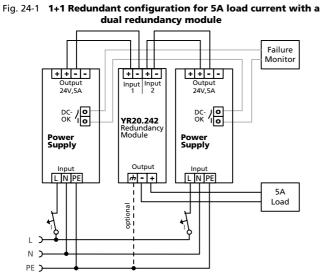
24.5. PARALLEL USE FOR REDUNDANCY

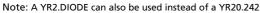
Power supplies can be paralleled for redundancy to gain higher system availability. Redundant systems require a certain amount of extra power to support the load in case one power supply unit fails. The simplest way is to put two power supplies in parallel. This is called a 1+1 redundancy. In case one power supply unit fails, the other one is automatically able to support the load current without any interruption. Redundant systems for a higher power demand are usually built in a N+1 method. E.g. five power supplies, each rated for 5A are paralleled to build a 20A redundant system. For N+1 redundancy the same restrictions apply as for increasing the output power, see also chapter 24.4.

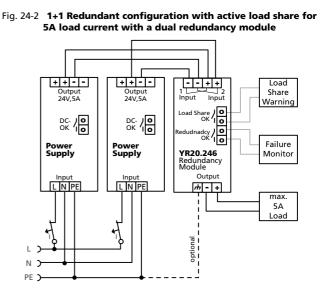
Please note: Always use a redundancy module to decouple power supplies from each other. This prevents that the defective unit becomes a load for the other power supplies and the output voltage cannot be maintained any more.

Recommendations for building redundant power systems:

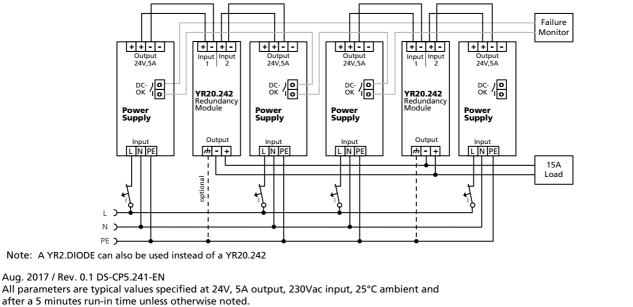
- a) Use separate input fuses for each power supply.
- b) Monitor the individual power supply units. Therefore, use the DC-OK relay contact of the CP5 power supply.
- c) It is desirable to set the output voltages of all units to the same value (± 100mV) or leave it at the factory setting.













CP5.241, CP5.241-C1, CP5.241-S1, CP5.241-S2

DIMENSION CP-Series

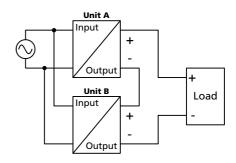
24V, 5A, 120W, SINGLE PHASE INPUT

24.6. SERIES OPERATION

Power supplies of the same type can be connected in series for higher output voltages. It is possible to connect as many units in series as needed, providing the sum of the output voltage does not exceed 150Vdc. Voltages with a potential above 60Vdc are not SELV any more and can be dangerous. Such voltages must be installed with a protection against touching.

Avoid return voltage (e.g. from a decelerating motor or battery) which is applied to the output terminals.

Keep an installation clearance of 15mm (left / right) between two power supplies and avoid installing the power supplies on top of each other. Do not use power supplies in series in mounting orientations other than the standard mounting orientation (input terminals on bottom of the unit).



Pay attention that leakage current, EMI, inrush current, harmonics will increase when using multiple power supplies.

24.7. INDUCTIVE AND CAPACITIVE LOADS

The unit is designed to supply any kind of loads, including capacitive and inductive loads. If extreme large capacitors, such as EDLCs (electric double layer capacitors or "UltraCaps") with a capacitance > 0.4F are connected to the output, the unit might charge the capacitor in the Hiccup^{PLUS®} mode (see chapter 6).

24.8. CHARGING OF BATTERIES

The power supply can be used to charge lead-acid or maintenance free batteries. Two 12V SLA or VRLA batteries are needed in series connection.

Instructions for charging batteries:

a) Set output voltage (measured at no load and at the battery end of the cable) very precisely to the end-of-charge voltage.

End-of-charge voltage	27.8V	27.5V	27.15V	26.8V
Battery temperature	10°C	20°C	30°C	40°C

- b) Use a 10A circuit breaker (or blocking diode) between the power supply and the battery.
- c) Ensure that the output current of the power supply is below the allowed charging current of the battery.
- d) Ensure that the ambient temperature of the power supply stays below 40°C.
- e) Use only matched batteries when putting 12V types in series.
- f) The return current to the power supply (battery discharge current) is typ. 8mA when the power supply is switched off (except in case a blocking diode is utilized).



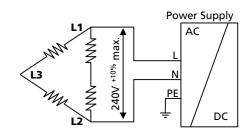
CP5.241, CP5.241-C1, CP5.241-S1, CP5.241-S2

DIMENSION CP-Series

24V, 5A, 120W, SINGLE PHASE INPUT

24.9. OPERATION ON TWO PHASES

The power supply can also be used on two-phases of a three-phasesystem. Such a phase-to-phase connection is allowed as long as the supplying voltage is below $240V^{+10\%}$.



24.10. Use in a Tightly Sealed Enclosure

When the power supply is installed in a tightly sealed enclosure, the temperature inside the enclosure will be higher than outside. In such situations, the inside temperature defines the ambient temperature for the power supply.

The following measurement results can be used as a reference to estimate the temperature rise inside the enclosure.

The power supply is placed in the middle of the box, no other heat producing items are inside the box

Input:	230Vac
Case A:	Rittal Typ IP66 Box PK 9516 100, plastic, 110x180x165mm
Load:	24V, 4A; (=80%) load is placed outside the box
Temperature inside enclosure:	38.3°C (in the middle of the right side of the power supply with a distance of 2cm)
Temperature outside enclosure:	26.1°C
Temperature rise:	12.2K
Case B:	Rittal Typ IP66 Box PK 9516 100, plastic, 110x180x165mm
Load:	24V, 5A; (=100%) load is placed outside the box
Temperature inside enclosure:	39.6°C (in the middle of the right side of the power supply with a distance of 2cm)
Temperature outside enclosure:	25.5°C
Temperature rise:	14.1K



CP5.241, CP5.241-C1, CP5.241-S1, CP5.241-S2

DIMENSION CP-Series

24V, 5A, 120W, SINGLE PHASE INPUT

24.11. MOUNTING ORIENTATIONS

Mounting orientations other than all terminals on the bottom require a reduction in continuous output power or a limitation in the maximum allowed ambient temperature. The amount of reduction influences the lifetime expectancy of the power supply. Therefore, two different derating curves for continuous operation can be found below:



Recommended output current. Max allowed output current (results in approximately half the lifetime expectancy of A1).

